

# SCIE C2101: Aseptic Techniques

Module Title:			Aseptic Techniques		
Language of Instruction:		n:	English		
Credits: 5		5			
NFQ Level:		6			
Module Deli	vered In		1 programme(s)		
Teaching & Learning Strategies:			This module will be delivered predominately via class room and practical modes when possible. In addition the VLE Blackboard will be used as a platform to support active and independent learning e.g. discussion and reflection; formative and summative assessment and feedback; electronic laboratory notebooks as well as a repository for learning resources. A flipped learning approach can be used where applicable To consolidate learning activities, students will normally be required to carryout assignments, formative quizzes and multiple choice questions. The practical component is essential to allow the students to develop the required technical competencies, attitudes and behaviours in aseptic techniques and to follow a series of SOPS. Digital competencies will be developed for example via the use of electronic submissions and the use of student created video content. This module is assessed via CA and a planned assessment schedule will ensure that the learning outcomes are assessed without over assessment.		
Module Aim:			To give learners the fundamental knowledge, skills and competencies in aseptic techniques in accordance with cGMP in an aseptic hospital compounding context.		
Learning Ou	toomoo				
On successf	ui compietio I	n of tr	his module the learner should be able to:		
LO1	Outline the basis of microbial contamination and infection in a clinical setting and outline how microorganisms may be monitored and controlled.		s of microbial contamination and infection in a clinical setting and outline how microorganisms may be controlled.		
LO2 Describe the principles underpinning the safe, accurate and aseptic prepa products including cytotoxics.		he pri ncludii	nciples underpinning the safe, accurate and aseptic preparation and monitoring of parenteral and other sterile ng cytotoxics.		
LO3	LO3 Competently de environment/cor		monstrate and validate the correct aseptic techniques, behaviours and monitoring for use in a clean mpounding unit including the use of validated SOPs.		
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Pre-requisite learning					
Module Recommendations This is prior learning (or a practical skill) that is recommended before enrolment in this module.					
No recommendations listed					
<i>Incompatible Modules</i> These are modules which have learning outcomes that are too similar to the learning outcomes of this module.					
No incompatible modules listed					
Co-requisite Modules					
No Co-requisite modules listed					
<b>Requirements</b> This is prior learning (or a practical skill) that is mandatory before enrolment in this module is allowed.					
Successful completion of year 1 or equivalent					
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## SCIE C2101: Aseptic Techniques

### **Module Content & Assessment**

### Indicative Content

### Microbial contamination, infection and control

Basic microbiology concepts. Microbial growth. Infectious disease transmission; the compromised host, pathogens, reservoirs of infection, and vectors of transmission. Infection control. Contamination. Environmental monitoring. Chemical and physical factors controlling microbial growth. Sterilisation. and disinfection. Filter sterilisation of air and liquids. Method validation.

### Principles of sterile preparation

Parenteral and sterile products and their uses. Living and non living contaminants, pyrogens. Sources of animate and inanimate contamination in the preparation or use of sterile products. Clean room design and classification. HEPA filters, unidirectional air flow cabinets, isolators.

### Risk Assessment, Quality and cGMP

Identifying hazards and minimising risks to all in aseptic compounding. Quality control and Quality Assurance. Principles of cGMP for aseptic preparation manufacturing. Corrective and Preventative Action. The importance of method validation . Monitoring and checking. Documentation. worksheets and labels

#### Practical

Practicals will develop the key technical skills necessary to demonstrate the learning outcomes listed above in addition will enhance aspects of theory by providing hands on experience.

### Health and Safety

Identifying hazards and minimising risks in the compounding unit, e.g. spills, sharps, biohazards, chemical hazards. The importance of using SOPs.

Behaviour and Gowning Correct personal behaviour and attitudes in a clean environment including correct hand washing and gowning.

### Cleaning, Disinfection and Sterilisation

Underpinning principles of and validation of hand washing, cleaning, disinfection and sterilisation disinfection. Disinfect formats. Effective use of sprays and wipes.

### Monitoring and Recording

Personal, environmental, hard surface and air microbial monitoring and recording; broth tests.

### **Aseptic Manipulations**

Tray set ups. Aseptic use of sterile equipment such as syringes, needles, vials, ampoules infusion bags, in the accurate compounding of sterile products. Working in a unidirectional air flow environment. Transfer techniques. Worksheets, labels and and records.

#### Safe Use of Cytotoxics

Hazards involved in the preparation of cytotoxic drugs. Closed transfer devices, safe packaging and disposal.

Assessment Breakdown	%
Continuous Assessment	50.00%
Practical	50.00%

Continuous Assessment					
Assessment Type	Assessment Description	Outcome addressed	% of total	Assessment Date	
Other	Short assignment/presentation/poster as appropriate.	1	20.00	n/a	
Other	Short assignment/presentation/poster as appropriate.	2	20.00	n/a	
Examination	MCQ and short answer questions	1,2	10.00	n/a	

No Project

Practical				
Assessment Type	Assessment Description	Outcome addressed	% of total	Assessment Date
Practical/Skills Evaluation	Student created video/ poster/ assignment demonstrating reflection on practical competencies learned during the module.	3	10.00	n/a
Practical/Skills Evaluation	Prepractical quizzes; demonstration of competencies, submission of reports ; short questions; reflection		40.00	n/a
No End of Module Formal Examination				

SETU Carlow Campus reserves the right to alter the nature and timings of assessment



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## Module Workload

Workload: Full Time			
Workload Type	Frequency	Average Weekly Learner Workload	
Lecture	12 Weeks per Stage	2.00	
Laboratory	12 Weeks per Stage	2.00	
Estimated Learner Hours	15 Weeks per Stage	5.13	
	Total Hours	125.00	

Module Delivered In				
Programme Code	Programme	Semester	Delivery	
CW_SAPHA_C	Higher Certificate in Science in Pharmacy Technician Studies	4	Mandatory	